

μ BRDF measurements & traceability challenges

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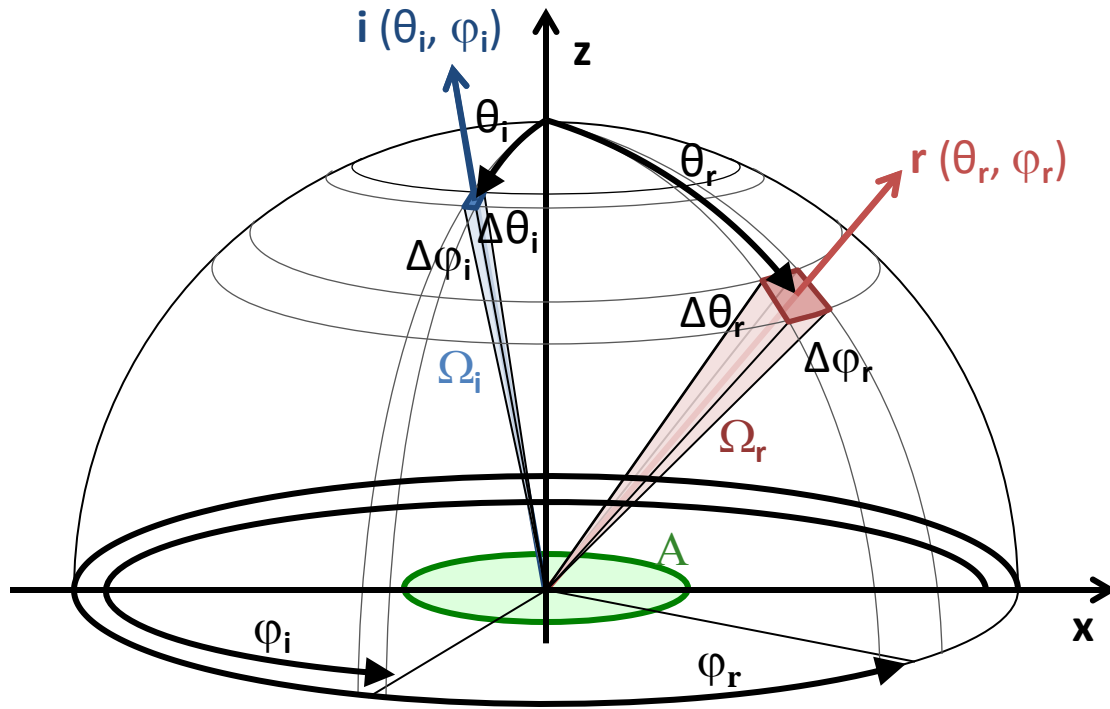
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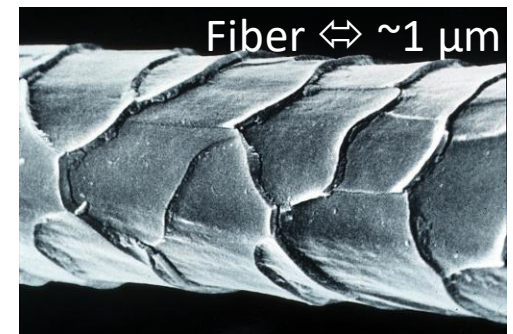


Why measure Bidirectional Reflectance Distribution Function (BRDF, sr^{-1}) on very small areas ?



$$\text{BRDF} [\text{sr}^{-1}] = \text{Radiance}_{\mathbf{r}} / \text{Irradiance}_{\mathbf{i}}$$

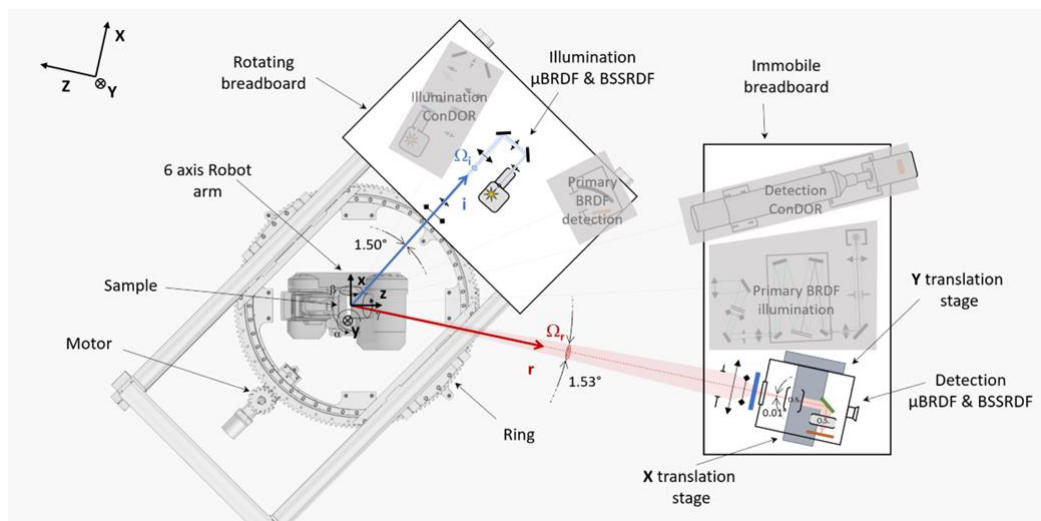
Scale of the
measurement
area ?



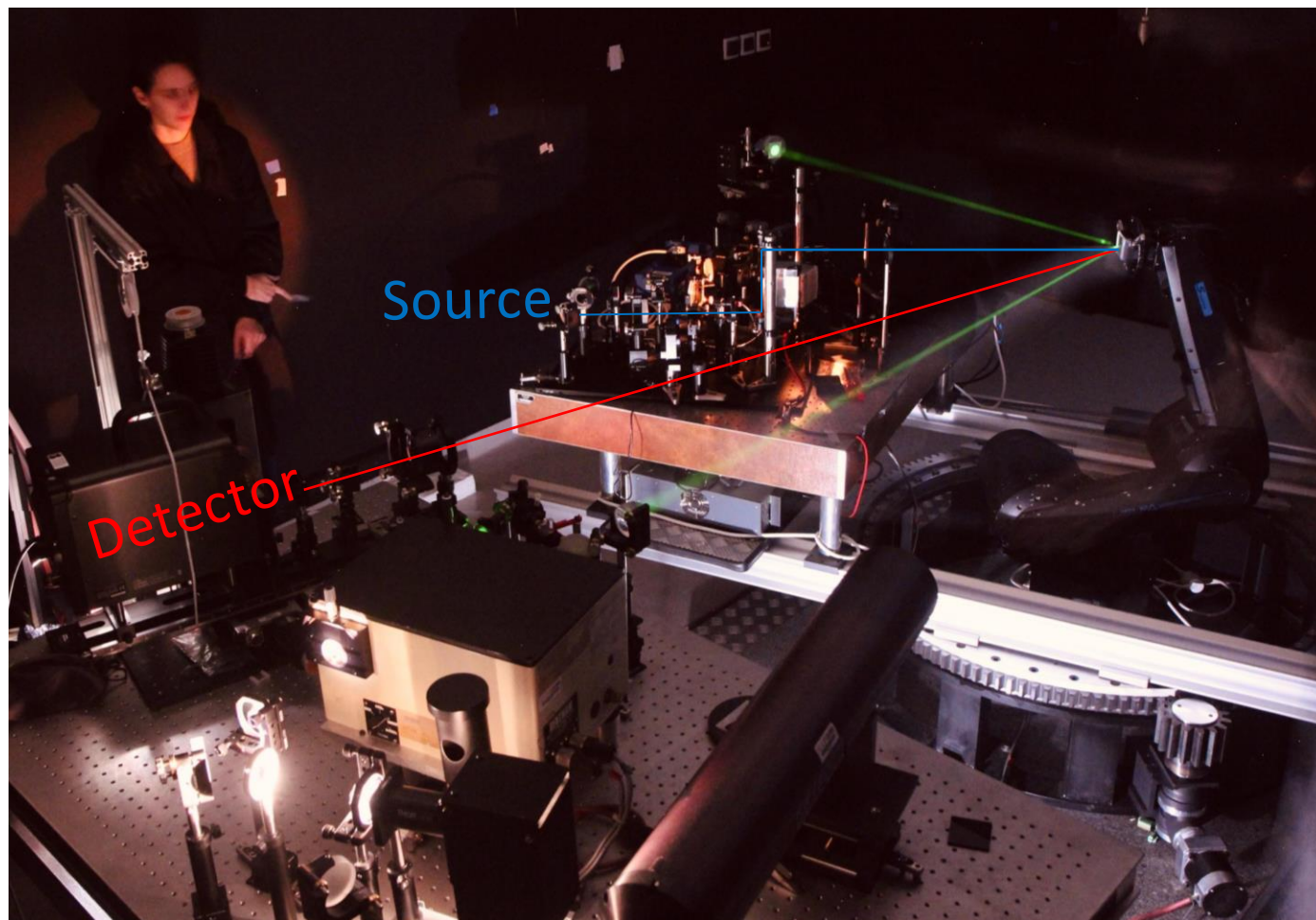
Presentation outline

- Setup for measuring μ BRDF
- How can the setup be validated ?
- What solutions are there for establishing traceability ?

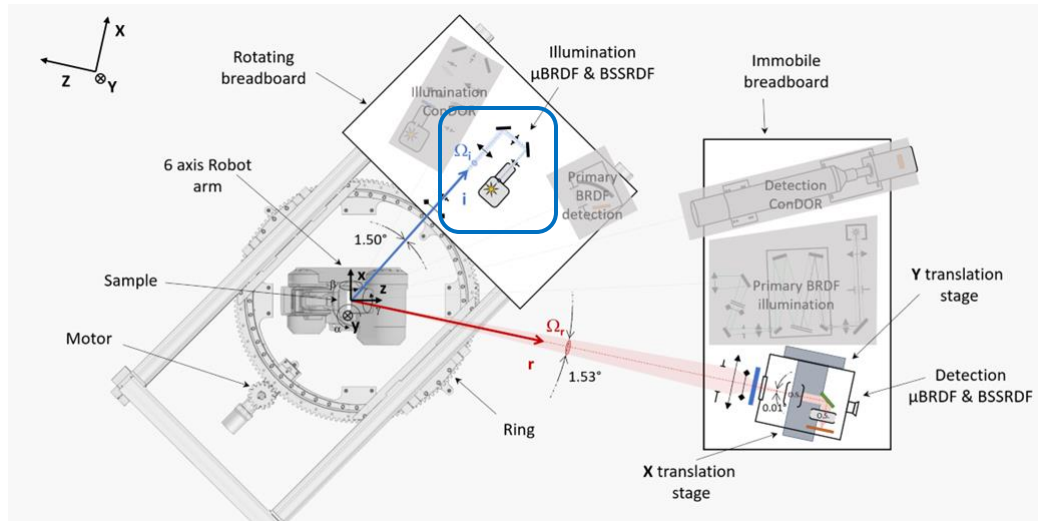
CNAM's goniospectrophotometer for measuring μ BRDF



CNAM goniospectrophotometer, top view, μ BRDF line



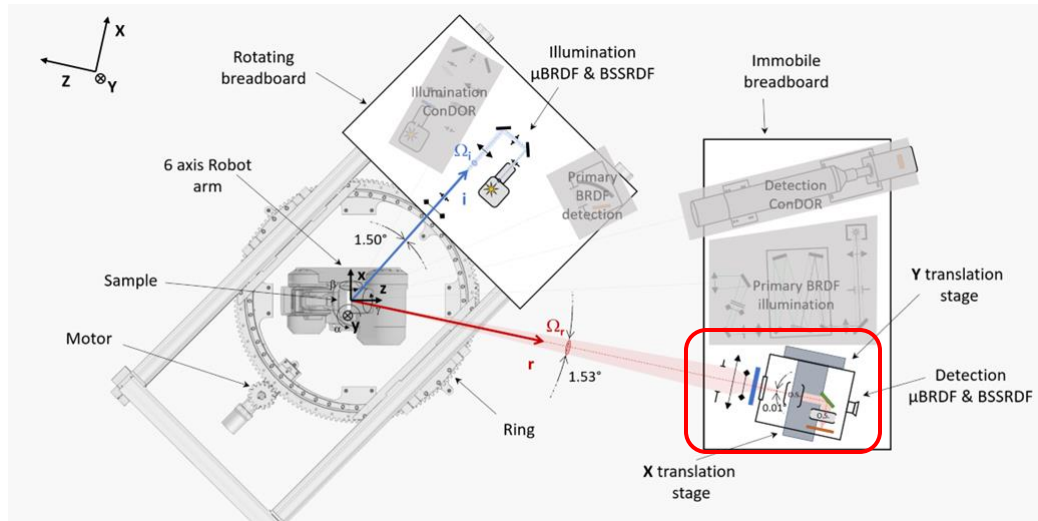
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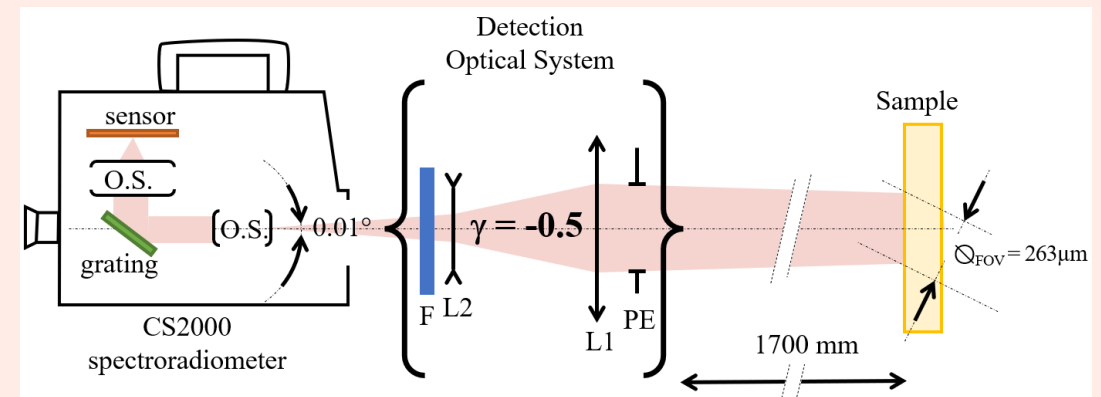
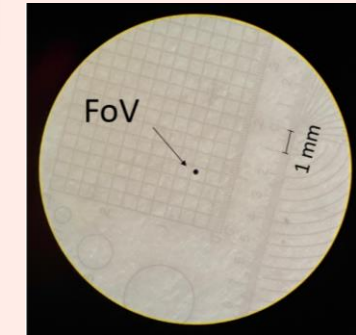
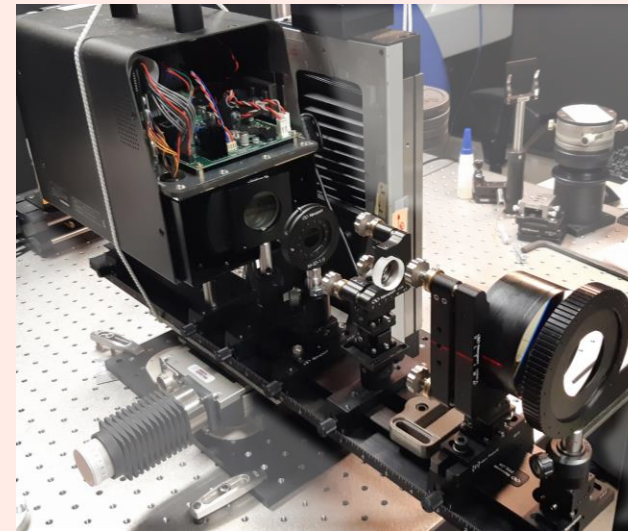
SOURCE UNIT

CNAM's goniospectrophotometer for measuring μ BRDF

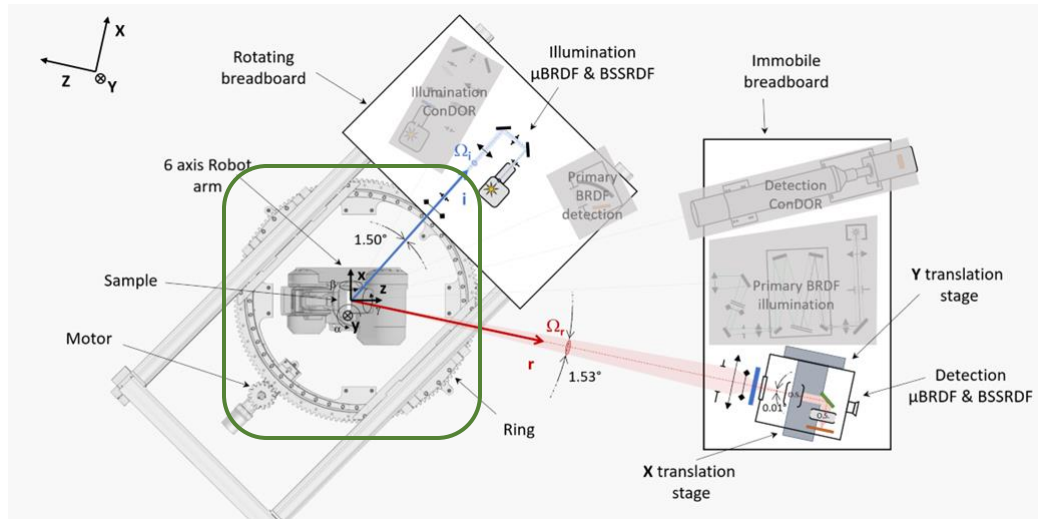


CNAM goniospectrophotometer, top view, μ BRDF line

DETECTION UNIT



CNAM's goniospectrophotometer for measuring μ BRDF



CNAM goniospectrophotometer, top view, μ BRDF line

MECHANICAL ELEMENTS

- 6-axis robot arm
- Rotation ring



- Low tolerances on the setup alignment and sample alignment for μ BRDF measurements
- Absolute measurements

Validation of the μ BRDF setup ?

Sintered PTFE diffuser



Geometry	BRDF (primary gonio)	μ BRDF
In plane, $0^\circ:10^\circ$	0.33 sr^{-1}	



Sintered PTFE is translucent at the submillimeter scale (edge loss effect)

→ BSSRDF measurement required

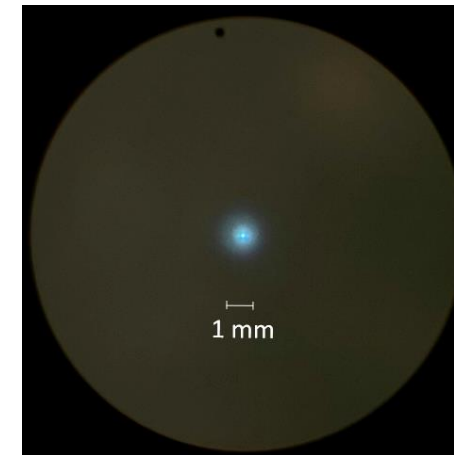
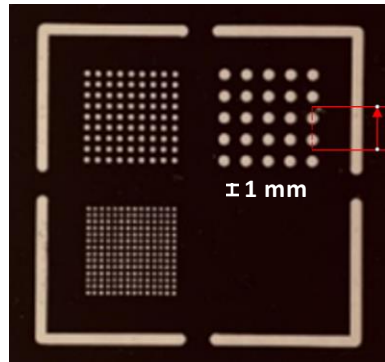


Photo taken through the spectroradiometer eyepiece. Spectralon illuminated by the μ beam.

[Gevaux, Applied Optics 2023]

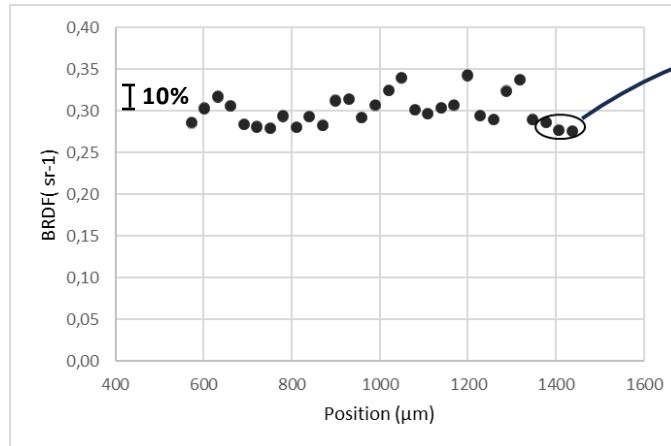
Validation of the μ BRDF setup ?

White resin sample

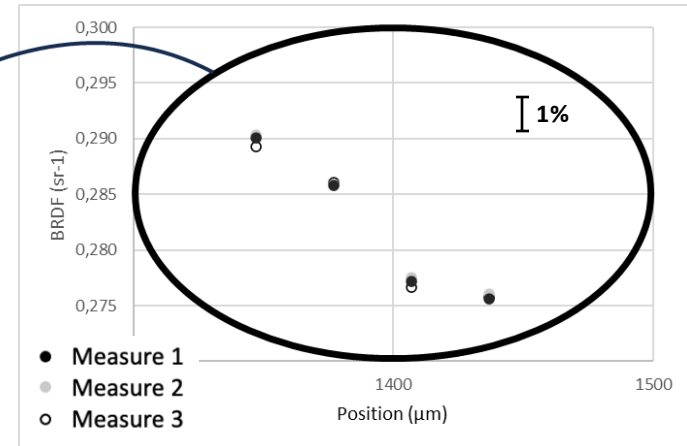


Polyurethan resin + TiO₂
= white diffusing sample
as opaque as possible

μ BRDF measurements along a line (in plane, 0°:14°)



Mean value: 0.30 sr⁻¹



Repeatability

➔ Issues with surface roughness

- spatial non-uniformity
- high uncertainty for reproducibility

μ BRDF measurements traceability ?

First solution: Find a 'perfect' reference sample ?

- Not translucent : metallic or silicon reflector ?
- Surface with constraints on the roughness:
Roughness \ll Beam size
&
avoid coherence effects



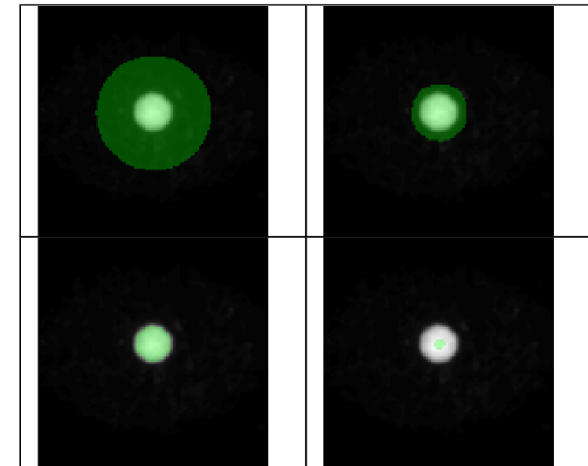
DG10-120-P01
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Metallic diffuse reflector

μ BRDF measurements traceability ?

Second solution: Use a camera-based goniospectrophotometer ?

- Possibility of averaging μ BRDF measurements on a large area
- Overfilled configuration rather than underfilled configuration (Are they equivalent?)
- Complex calibration for camera-based systems, especially for absolute measurements (issues with dynamic range and stray light)



Example of camera-based BRDF measurement, with the option of measuring an area of different size (green selection) by averaging the results for each pixel. [Courtesy of N. Basic, METAS]

Thank you !

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